# CEIS101 Course Project Smart Home Automation and Security System

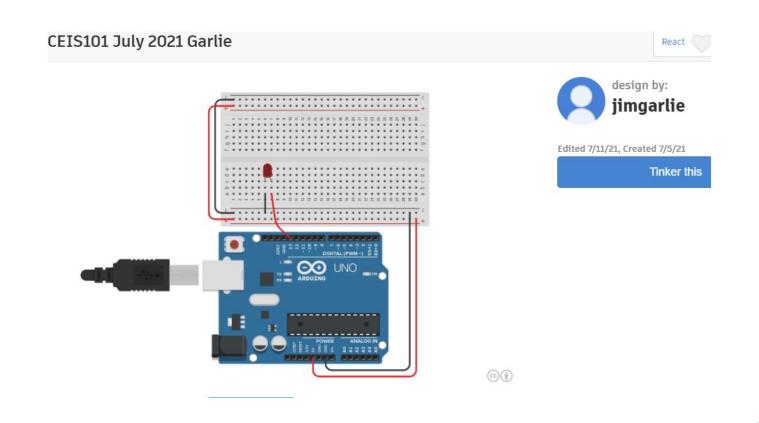
Prototype developed by James Garlie Course - DeVry University: July 2021

#### Introduction

- The following presentation will show you an initial circuit design using Tinkercad and the development of a Smart Home Security System using Arduino.
- Slides three (3) and four (4) will show you the circuit designed using Tinkercad and the Serial Monitor
- Slide five (5) shows the Parts Inventory for the Home Security Prototype using Arduino
- Slides six (6) through seventeen (17) shows the initial and completed circuit created for the Smart Home Security System using Arduino.
- Slide eighteen (18) list the challenges encountered
- Slide nineteen (19) list the skills obtained
- Slide twenty (20) is the Conclusion

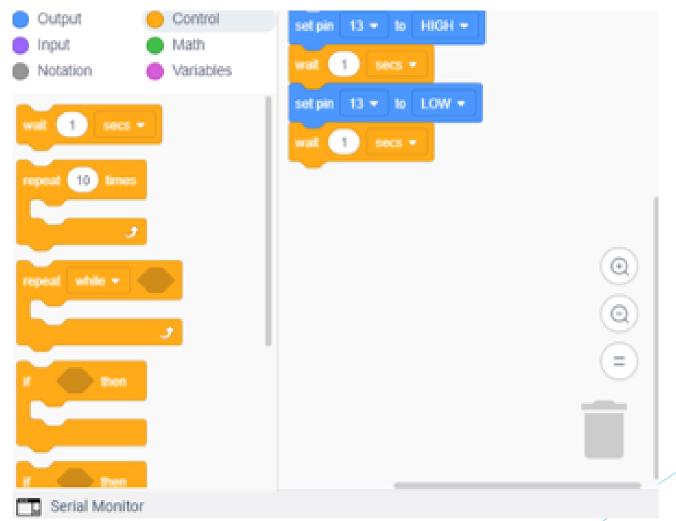
### Tinkercad Circuit Design

This slide shows a circuit designed using Tinkercad; whereby, the system was built, coded and tested



### **Tinkercad Serial Monitor**

This slide shows the serial monitor and program code used for the Tinkercad circuit



### Parts Inventory

This slide shows an organization of all the components that will be used to build the Smart Home Security System Prototype

Arduino Mega 2560

Breadboard

Resistor  $10k\Omega$ 

**LEDs** 

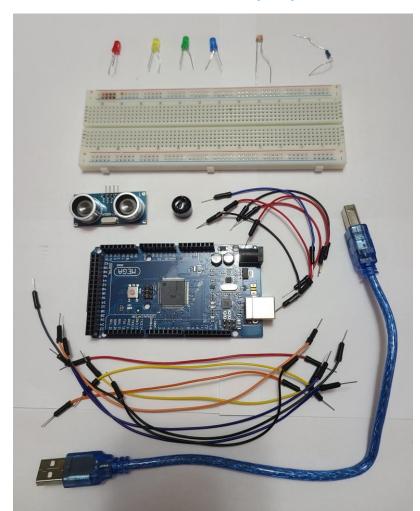
Ultrasonic Sensor

**Active Buzzer** 

Photoresistor

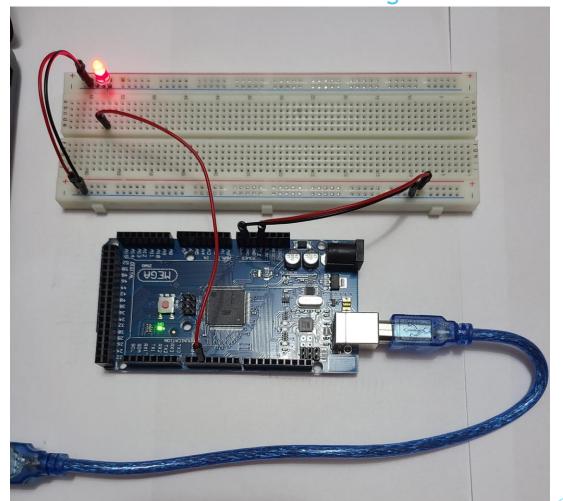
Wires

USB Type B cable

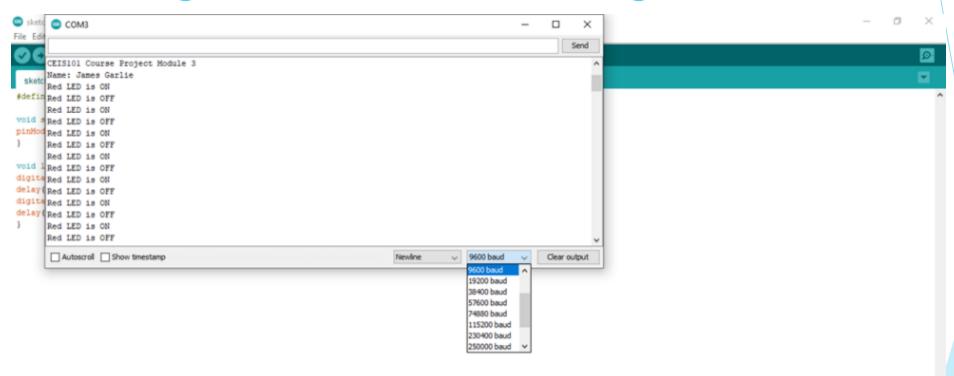


### Initial Circuit Setup Using Arduino

Here is the Arduino circuit connected to the breadboard with the red LED flashing. This will also display the message on the next slide in the Serial Monitor that the LED is flashing on and off



### Uploaded Arduino Program Code and Serial Monitor Showing the Red LED is Flashing On and Off



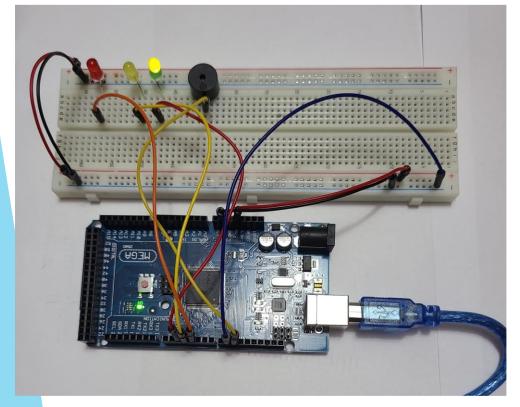


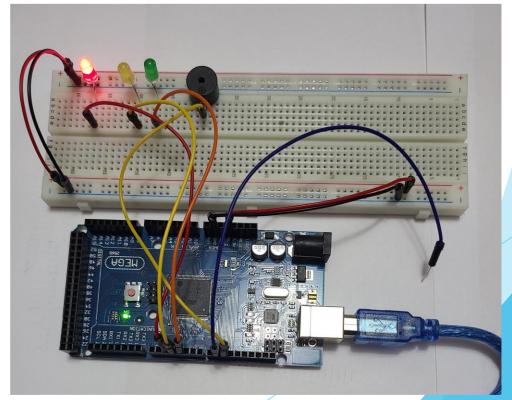
# Adding a Door Sensor to the Smart Home Security System

Here we transitioned to adding the sensor and LEDs to show the effects of an intruder breaking into a home. As shown below when the door is opened, the red LED flashes and the Serial Monitor on slide ten (10) will show "Security Alert"

When the door is closed, the green LED is lit up

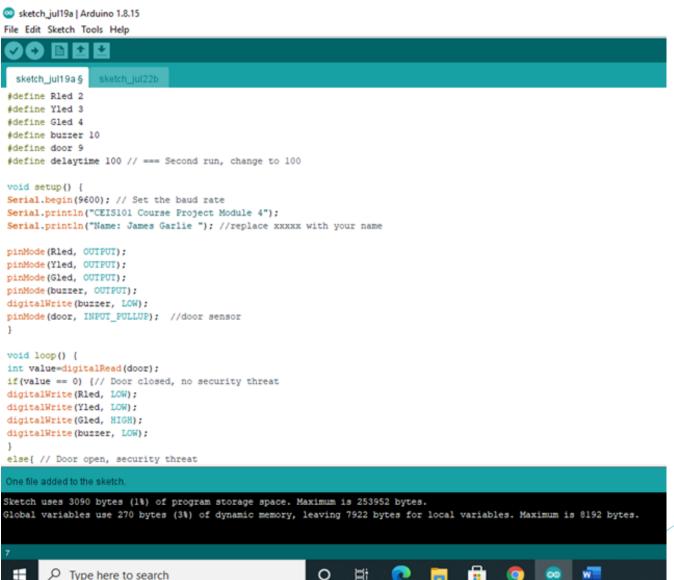
When the door is open, the red LED is flashes on and off





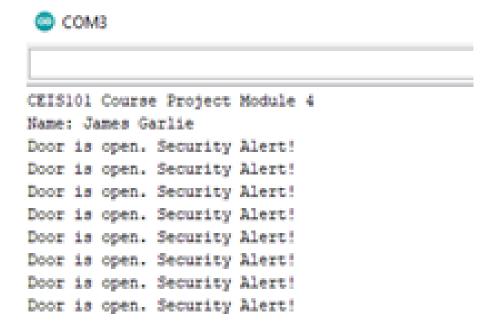
### Uploaded Arduino Program Code

The program code adding the "Door Sensor" to the Smart Home Security System



### Serial Monitor Indicating a Security Alert

As mentioned on slide eight (8), when an intruder breaks in a home and the red LED flashes, as shown below, the Serial Monitor will signify the door is open and that there is a "Security Alert"



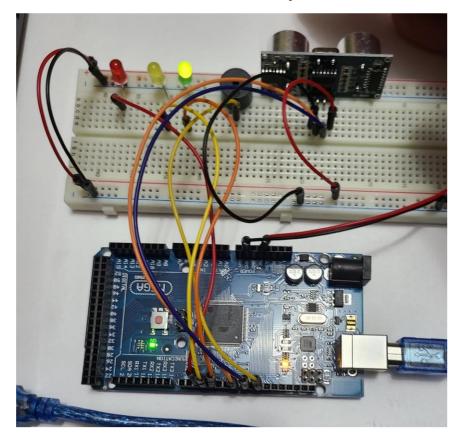


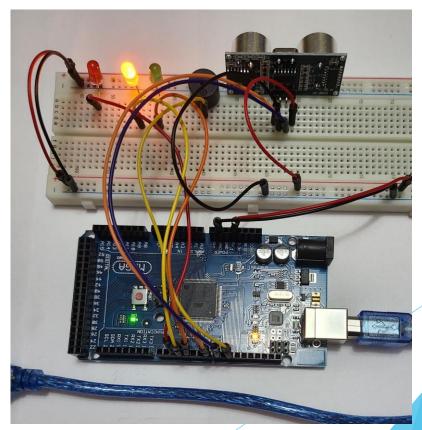
# Adding a Distance Sensor to the Smart Home Security System

This and the next slide will demonstrate an Ultrasonic Sensor

The green LED on the right indicates there is no security risk

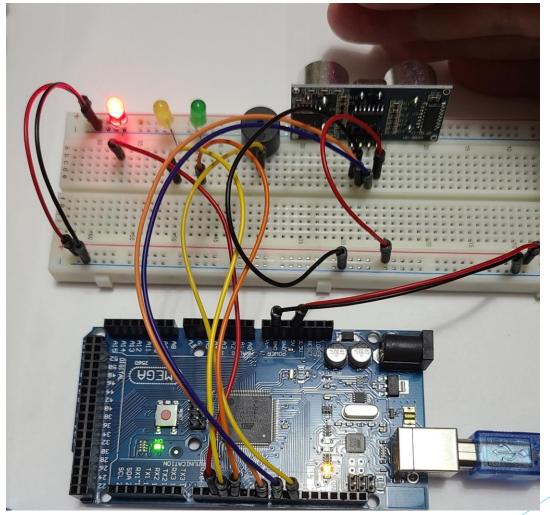
The yellow LED in the middle indicates a warning



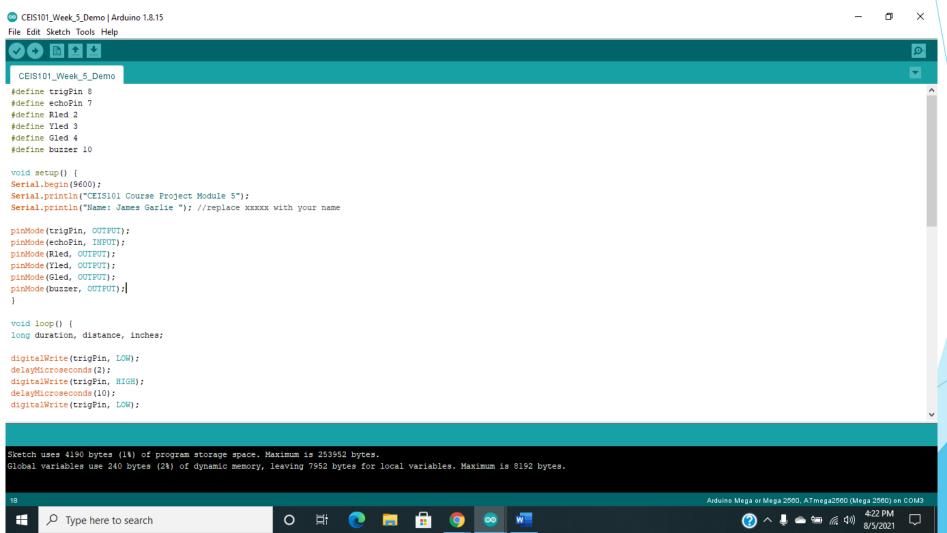


### Red LED on Left Indicates High Security Risk

By placing my hand over the sensor, indicating motion, as shown below, the red LED flashes and the "Plot of Data" on slide fourteen (14) will show the variations



### Uploaded Arduino Program Code for Distance Sensor



### Plot of Data Using Excel

This slide shows the activity from moving my hand back and forth over the sensor shown on slides eleven (11) and twelve (12)

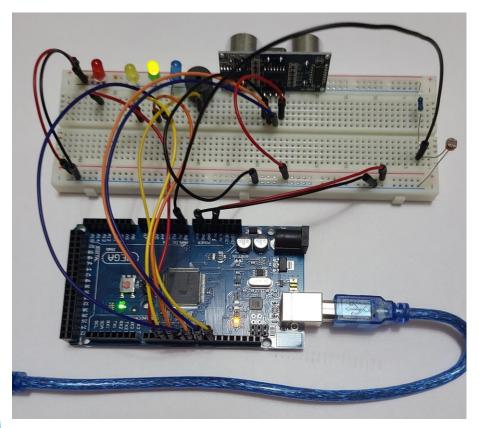


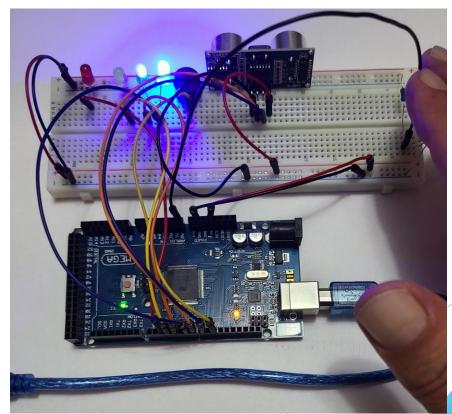
### Automated Light for Smart Home Security System

This demonstrates that when an intruder breaks in your home and turns the lights on, the alarm will go off

Yellow light showing the light within the home is normal

Blue light showing that the light within the home has changed





### Uploaded Arduino Program Code For Completed Circuit

CEIS101\_Week\_6\_Demo | Arduino 1.8.15
File Edit Sketch Tools Help

```
CEIS101_Week_6_Demo
#define photocell A0
#define autoLight 6
void setup() {
Serial.begin(9600);
Serial.println("CEIS101 Course Project Module 6");
Serial.println("Name: James Garlie "); //replace xxxxx with your name
pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);
pinMode (echoPin, INPUT);
pinMode (Rled, OUTPUT);
pinMode (Yled, OUTPUT);
pinMode (Gled, OUTPUT);
pinMode (buzzer, OUTPUT);
pinMode (autoLight, OUTPUT);
void loop() {
//=== Automated Light ===
int value=analogRead (photocell); // Read the value from the light sensor to determine condition
//Serial.println(value); //uncomment this line and open serial plotter to see the effect of light intensity on the sensor
if (value > 450) {
digitalWrite(autoLight, HIGH);
Serial.println("The automated light is ON");
else {
digitalWrite(autoLight, LOW);
```

### Serial Monitor For Completed Circuit

This slide shows the automated light is on

```
COM3
```

```
CEIS101 Course Project Module 6
Name: James Garlie
The automated light is ON
```

### Challenges

- Challenges included:
- Identifying the parts needed
- Learning how to work with Arduino
- Uploading the program code at the each stage
- Testing the additions at each stage

#### Career Skills

- ▶ I learned how to:
- Create a circuit using Tinkercad
- Create a circuit with Arduino
- Work with Sensors
- How to upload program code from Arduino
- Further developed basic and advanced computer skills

#### Conclusion

I found this class: learning how to use both Tinkercad and Arduino, and the building of the Smart Home Security System to be fascinating. Tinkercad can be very useful when designing a system without physical parts. Arduino is a great program for designing a system when you do have the physical parts. With respect to actually developing the Home Security System, it was both educational and inspirational at each stage of the development. I feel this project will help me in the future.